15122ph-001.



ек91-PH-201

2212

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (ER-91) DPH-SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION MARCH/APRIL-2018

PHARMACEUTICS—II

 $3 \times 10 = 30$ (3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and | Total Marks: 80 shall not exceed five simple sentences. (2) Each question carries three marks. Instructions: (1) Answer all questions. PART-A Time: 3 hours

1+1+1

1. Define the following:

5530811

8980

(a) Syrup

2. Calculate child dose, if adult dose is 60 mg and the age of the child is 6 years. (b) Douche (c) Elixir

4. Write the differences between lotions and liniments. 3. Write the ideal requirements of shampoo.

5. What is meant by displacement value? Write its significance.

6. Write the composition of simple eye ointment base.

/2212

| Contd...

- 7. Distinguish between flocculated and deflocculated suspensions.
- 8. What are mixtures? Classify different types of mixtures. 11/2+11/2
- 9. Write briefly about pyrogen test.
- 10. Write about (a) vanishing cream and (b) cold cream. 11/2+11/4

PART—B

10×5=50

Instructions: (1) Answer any five questions.

- (2) Each question carries ten marks.
- (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
- 11. Define the term 'prescription'. Describe in brief various parts of the prescription.
- 12. Define the term 'incompatibility'. What are the different types of incompatibilities? What are the reasons for chemical incompatibility? How will you dispense the following prescription? Explain the incompatibility involved and suggest method to correct it.
- ×

Sodium salicylate—4.0 gm Quinine sulphate—0.12 gm Dilute sulphuric acid—2.0 ml Water up to 100 ml

Make a mixture

2+2+2+4

- 13. Describe the term 'effervescent granules'. Write the method of preparation of 'effervescent granules'.
- **14.** Define the term 'suspension'. Discuss in brief about the formulation of suspensions.

/2212

N

| Contd...

- **15.** Write the qualities of an ideal ointment base. Classify ointment bases. Mention different oleaginous bases and write their advantages and disadvantages.
- **16.** Define the term 'dentifrice'. What are the qualities of a good dentifrice? Discuss the formulation of dentifrice. 2+2+6
- 17. Define the term parenteral preparations. Write about the processing of parenterals.
- 18. Define the term 'emulsifying agent'. Write the qualities of an ideal emulsifying agent. Write the classification of emulsifying agent.
 2+2+6

* * *



ЕК91-РН-202

2213

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (ER-91) MARCH/APRIL—2018 DPH—SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY—II

Tim	Time: 3 hours [Tot	al Mar	[Total Marks: 80
Ins	Instructions: (1) Answer all questions.	ò	00-010
	(2) Each question carries three marks.		
	(3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed <i>five</i> simple sentences.	the po	int and
ij.	Write the structures of the following:		1+1+1
	(a) Pyrimidine		
	(b) Indole		
	(c) Thiazolidine		
4	Define analeptics. Give four examples.		1+2
8	Define and classify sulphonamides with examples.		1+2
4.	Define antitubercular drugs. Give an example structure.	with	its 1+2
ri,	Write the properties and uses of quinidine.		3
/2213	13	0	Contd

- 6. Define coagulants and anticoagulants with examples. 1½+1½
- 7. Define analgesics. Write the structure and nomenclature of aspirin. 1+2
- 8. Write the structure, properties and uses of halothane.

ω

- 9. Define diagnostic agents. Give two examples with its uses. 1+2
- 10. Define and classify antidepressants with examples.

1+2

PART-B

10×5=50

Instructions: (1) Answer any five questions.

- (2) Each question carries ten marks.
- (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
- 11. Define antihistamines. Classify them. Write the structure, nomenclature, properties and uses of (a) chlorpheneramine and (b) diphenhydramine.
- 12. Define and classify antibiotics. Write the structure, nomenclature, properties, uses, official preparations and brand names of ampicillin.
- 13. Write the structure and nomenclature of (a) DEC, (b) dapsone, (c) paracetamol, (d) phenobarbitone and (e) chlorocresol. 2×5
- 14. Define diuretics. Classify diuretics. Write the structure, nomenclature, properties and uses of (a) furosemide and (b) mannitol.
- 15. Define antimalarials. Classify them. Write the structure, nomenclature, properties and uses of (a) chloroquine and (b) pyremethamine.
- 2

/2213

Contd...

- 16. (a) Define and classify hypoglycemic drugs. Write the structure and nomenclature of any one drug.
 1+2+
- (b) Define and classify antithyroid drugs. Write the structure and nomenclature of thyroxine.
- 17. Define adrenergic drugs. Classify them. Write the structure, nomenclature, properties and uses of (a) adrenaline and (b) isoprenaline.
- 18. Define local anaesthetics. Classify them. Write the structure, nomenclature, properties and uses of (a) lignocaine and (b) procaine. 2+2+3+3

/2213

рн-203

2214

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (ER-91) MARCH/APRIL—2018 DPH—SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION

PHARMACOLOGY AND TOXICOLOGY

Time: 3 hours]

PART—A

3×10=30

Instructions: (1) Answer all questions.

(2) Each question carries three marks.

(3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.

1. List out various routes of administration of drugs. Write the

advantages of oral route of administration.
 What are anti-coagulants? Give examples.
 What are the various stages of general anaesthesia?
 Define the terms anti-spasmodics and cardiotonics with examples.
 Write about heavy metal antagonists.
 What is histamine? Write the physiological role of histamine.

7. Define the following:

(b) Tachyphylaxis

/2214

(a) Therapeutic index

| Contd..

15.	14.	<u>:</u>	12.	11.	Inst	10.	9.	00
(c) Myasthenia gravis (d) Trichomoniasis What are anti-cholinergic drugs? Classify with examples. the pharmacological actions, adverse drug reactions and of atropine.	(b) Anti-cholineExplain the foll(a) Atheroscler(b) Mydriatics	Write short notes on the f	angina pectoris? Classify antianginal agents warming the pharmacological actions, adverse draind uses of any one antianginal drug.	answer. What are narcotic analgesics? Classify with examples. Write t pharmacological actions, adverse reactions and uses morphine.	Instructions: (1) Answer any five questions. (2) Each question carries ten marks. (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the	Write about blood substitutes.	What are antiviral drugs? Give examples.	What are bronchodilators? Give examples.
Write uses 3+3+4	21/2×4	5+5	with drug 2+3+5	the of 2+3+5	10×5=50 criterion the	ω	ω	ω

16. What are hypnotics and sedatives? Classify with examples. Write the pharmacological actions, adverse drug reactions and uses of barbiturates.

17. Write short notes on the following:

5+5

(a) Multidrug therapy of tuberculosis

(b) Oral hypoglycemic agents

18. What are local anaesthetics? Classify with examples. Write the pharmacological actions, adverse drug reactions and uses of lidocaine. 2+2+

214

/2214

2

[Contd...



ЕК91-РН-204

2215

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (ER-91) MARCH/APRIL—2018 DPH—SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION

PHARMACEUTICAL JURISPRUDENCE

Time: 3 hours | [Total Marks: 80

Instructions: (1) Answer all questions.

 $3 \times 10 = 30$

PART-A

(2) Each question carries three marks.

(3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed *five* simple sentences.

1. What are the conditions to be followed to regulate the possession and sale of poisons?

2. Define misbranded drug as per the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1945.

 What are education regulations as per the Pharmacy Act, 1948? 4. Define the terms 'chemists and druggists' and 'pharmacy'. 1%+1

5. Define coca leaf and cannabis. 1%+1% 1/2215 1 | Contd...

formul	What are
lation	
٠٠	the
	labelling
	requirements
	of
	an
	eye
	drop
ω	

7. What is opium? State its derivatives.

What are Schedule 'G' and 'H' drugs? Give two examples of 1+1+1

Define the term 'advertisement'.

10. What are (a) dutiable goods and (b) restricted preparations? 11/2+11/2

PART-B

10×5=50

Instructions: (1) Answer any five questions

(2) Each question carries ten marks.

(3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the

- 11. Explain the role of pharmacist in relation to his trade. 10
- 12. (a) What are first register and subsequent register?
- (b) On what grounds can the name of a registered pharmacist be removed from the register?
- 13. Write the conditions for the grant of the license for the wholesale and retail sale of drugs.
- 14. Write the qualifications required for drugs inspector. Write the duties of drugs inspector in relation to sales and manufacture
- 15. What are the advisory bodies under D & C Act? Write the constitution and functions of DTAB.

16. Define absolute alcohol and denatured alcohol. Write about manufacture outside the bond.

17. Write short notes on the following

6+4

(a) The Medical Termination of Pregnancies Act

(b) Duties of Govt. Analyst

18. (a) What is leader price? How is it fixed?

(b) How are the prices of bulk drugs fixed as per drugs (price control) order?

S



/2216

ER91-PH-205

[Contd...

2216

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (ER-91) MARCH/APRIL—2018 DPH—SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION

DRUG STORE AND BUSINESS MANAGEMENT

Time: 3 hours]	[Total Marks : 80
PART	'A 3×10=30
nstructions: (1) Answer all quest	ons.
(2) Each question ca	rries three marks.
	e brief and straight to the point and five simple sentences.
1. Define the term 'industry' and	list out types of industries. 1+2
2. Write a short note on mail ord	er business. 3
3. Define the term 'codification codification.	Write three advantages of $1\frac{1}{2}+1\frac{1}{2}$
4. Define the terms 'maximum st level'.	ock level' and 'minimum stock 1½+1½
5. Define the term 'window displ window display.	ay'. Write three advantages of 1½+1½
6. Define the term 'recruitment'. involved in selection of a pharm	
7. Differentiate preference shares	from ordinary shares. 3

8.	Write about different types of accounts with examples.	3
9.	Define the term 'trial balance'. Mention the objectives of balance.	trial 1½+1½
10.	Define the term 'balance sheet'. Mention its importance.	11/2+11/2
	PART—B	0×5=50
Inst	 (1) Answer any five questions. (2) Each question carries ten marks. (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the for valuation is the content but not the lengt answer. 	
11.	Write the salient features of partnership firm. Desc advantages and disadvantages four of each.	eribe 6+4
12.		and ½+1½)×2
	(a) Retail departmental store	
13.	(b) Multiple shops or chain stores Discuss the various legal requirements to be fulfilled to op wholesale drug store.	en a 10
14.	What are inventories? Discuss about perpetual invensystem. How is this helpful in control of inventories along the advantages?	_
- 40	Define the terms salesman and salesmanship. Discuss qualities of a good salesman.	the 2+8
16.	Define finance. Discuss the different methods to raise finance.	the 2+8
17.	What are financial statements? Explain in detail about ProLoss Account statement.	fit & 2+8
18.	Define the term 'budgetary control'. Discuss in detail different bases for classification of budgets.	the 2+8

/221	* 2 AA8	(A)—PDF

*

3...





ER91-PH-206

2217

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (ER-91) MARCH/APRIL—2018 DPH—SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION

HOSPITAL AND CLINICAL PHARMACY

Time: 3 hours | Total Marks: 80 PART-A $3 \times 10 = 30$ Instructions: (1) Answer all questions. (2) Each question carries three marks. (3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences. 1. Define patient compliance and non-compliance. $1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2}$ 2. Define (a) general out-patient and (b) ambulatory patient. 11/2+11/2 3. Mention the functions of hospital pharmacy services. 3 **4.** Define drug information bulletin. Write its importance. 5. Mention the use of the following instruments in a hospital: 1 + 1 + 1(a) Glucometer (b) ECG machine (c) Scalpel

6. Write the importance of Differential Leucocyte Count (DLC).

*	7.	Mention the pathophysiology of congestive heart failure.
	8.	Define the words sailagogues, carminatives and counter- irritants. 1+1+1
	9.	Define the terms 'drug abuse' and 'drug habituation'. 1½+1½
	10.	Mention any three pharmacodynamic drug interactions.
		PART—B 10×5=50
	Inst	ructions: (1) Answer any five questions.
		(2) Each question carries ten marks.
		(3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
	11.	Define hospital and classify various types of hospitals. Write the functions of hospitals. 2+3+5
	12.	(a) What is meant by unit dose dispensing? Write its importance.
		(b) Discuss various methods of dispensing unit doses. 4+6
	13.	Define sterile products. What are the various facilities required for manufacture of sterile products?
	14.	Write about various applications of computer in pharmacy. 10
	15.	Discuss the pharmacopoeial standards of absorbent cotton. 10
	16.	Explain drug-drug interactions of the following categories of drugs:
		(a) Analgesics
		(b) Diuretics
	17.	Define the term 'bioavailability'. Write in detail the factors affecting bioavailability.
	18.	Mention the steps involved in the treatment of a case of poisoning. Classify various antidotes with suitable examples.
		$/1 \perp \iota$

/2217